- 240. It may be seen from the above table that some of the colonies and dependencies of the British Empire have reserved state forests for the purpose of protecting and maintaining them in perpetuity. India has long had a strong staff of trained foresters, who treat the forests on the most approved systems of European forestry. Some of the colonies in Australasia and South Africa have also established state forests under trained foresters.
- 241. Before 6th October, 1890, the United States tariff on woods imported from Canada contained the following items:—

In 1890 hewn or sawed lumber was reduced to 10 per cent; sided or squared timber to $\frac{1}{2}$ cent per foot, and pine lumber to \$1 per M. ft., B.M.

YEARLY AVERAGE. Boards, Boards, Deals, Deals, Boards, Boards, YEAR. Timber. Planks Planks and Timber. Deals, Deals, and Sawed Sawed Planks Planks and Lumber. Lumber. and Sawed Sawed Lumber. Lumber. s M. ft. M. ft. Š × 1888. . 5,748 608,326 7,497,078 1889. 3,108 747,8427,804,163 7,744,954 3,304 638,624 7,682,065 1890.... 1,147 659,703 757,149 663,134 742,351 1891...... . . 37,652 8,498,046 7,539,766 8,217,331 6,134,204 1892..... 56,777 65,792 47,865 56,783 1893..... 57,811 639,982 7,297,100 1894.514,461 600,809 6,859,532

UNITED STATES IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

The averages for the three years before and after the McKinley Act approximate closely in the case of sawed lumber. The intermediate year, partly under one tariff and partly under the other, ran higher than the average of either period, being, indeed, the highest year of the seven. The imports for 1895 were about the average.

No comparison can be made as to timber, for after 1890 items 1 and 2 were returned together, while previously timber sided and squared had apparently been included in unmanufactured.

242. On 28th August, 1894, timber hewn or sawed, square or sided and sawn lumber (except cabinet woods), were made free.